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PAPER NUMBER

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/485,292	05/03/2000	ULRICH KLAR	SCH1742	1743
7590 03/04/2004			EXAMINER	
MILLEN WHITE ZELANO & BRANIGAN			ROBINSON, BINTA M	

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1625 DATE MAILED: 03/04/2004

ART UNIT

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	09/485,292	KLAR ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Binta M. Robinson	1625				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a represent the statutory minimum of thirty riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT atute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _						
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ T	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the applicat	ion.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor	rection is required if the drawing(s	i) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ol> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the p</li> </ol>	riority documents have been r	eceived in this National Stage				
application from the International Bur	• • •					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies not re	eceived.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		mmary (PTO-413)				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/</li> </ul>		/Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
<ol> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	708) 3) ☐ Notice of file					

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

The restriction requirement made at paper no. 13 is made FINAL.

The rejection of claim 11 under 35 U. S. C. 101 and 112, second paragraph rejection, the rejection of claims, the rejection of claims 1-12 under 35 U. S. C. 102 (b), the rejection of claims 1-12 are rendered moot as a result of applicant's amendment at paper no. 15/B.

## (Old Rejections)

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, does not provide enablement for R1a, R1b, R2a, R2b, R4a, R4b, R5, R8, R10, and R11 equal to all aryl, C7-C20 aralkyl groups which according to the specification can encompass heterocyclic groups. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The claims as recited are broader than the scope of enablement. The specification lacks direction or guidance for placing all of the alleged products in the possession of the public without inviting more than routine experimentation. The applicant is referred to *In re Wands*, 858 F.2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988) which

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includes the incorporation of the 8 factors recited in <u>Ex parte</u> Foreman 230 USPQ 546 (Bd. Of App. And Inter 1986).

There are many factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is "undue". These factors include 1)the breadth of the claims, 2) the nature of the invention, 3) the state of the prior art, 4) the level of one of ordinary skill, 5) the level of predictability in the art 6) the amount of direction provided by the inventor 7) the existence of working examples, and 8) the quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure. In re Wands, 858 F. 2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

In terms of the breadth of the claims, R1a, R1b, R2a, R2b, R4a, R4b, R5, R8, R10, R11 encompasses a much wider Markush grouping of radicals than those radicals synthesized. In terms of the second Wands factor, these products are useful as antitumour agents. In terms of the fifth Wands factor, the level of predictability in the art is low because the applicant does not test any of these compounds for their pharmaceutical effects. In terms of the sixth Wands factor, the amount of direction provided by the inventor is poor, because the applicant does not test any of these compounds for their pharmaceutical effects nor does the applicant synthesize compounds where R1a, R1b, R2a, R2b, R4a, R4b, R5, R8, R10, R11 encompass the full breadth of the aryl or aralkyl moieties claimed. In terms of the seventh Wands factor, the applicant does not provide any working examples. In terms of the 8<sup>th</sup> Wands

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factors, undue experimentation would be required to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure due to the breadth of the claims, the level of predictability in the art of the invention, and the poor amount of direction provided by the inventor. Taking the above factors into consideration, it is not seen where the instant claim is enabled by the instant application.

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim(s) 2-7 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

- A. In claim 2-7, , the phrase "the remainder of the molecule is identical to naturally occurring epothilone A or B" is indefinite. It is unclear as to how the remainder of the molecule is identical to the naturally occurring epothilone A or B.
- B. In claim 12, page 298, lines 23-24, the phrase "including all stereoisomers and mixtures thereof" is indefinite since it is unclear as to whether or not the applicant intends to claim the production of "a compound" or "a pharmaceutical composition."
- C. In claim 1, line 14, the phrase "D-E" means a group" is indefinite because the group is not defined. Does D-E stand for -CH2-CH2-?

## (new rejections)

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U. S. C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over CA 132:293587r. (See Reference U). CA 132:293587r teaches the instant compound, compound IV. At page 674, see the instant compound IV.

The difference between the prior art compound and the instantly claimed compound are the alkyl groups at the R2a and R2b positions. In the instant compound, the R2a and R2b groups are ethyl. In the prior art compound, the R2a and R2b groups are methyl. The prior art compound and the instant compound are homologues of each other. Homologues are compounds that differ by a methylene linkage.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to synthesize homologues of this class of compounds. For example, see compound IV at page 674. Accordingly, the compounds are deemed unpatentable therefrom in the absence of a showing of unexpected results for the claimed compounds over those of the generic prior art compounds.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U. S. C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nicolaou et. al.. (See Reference V). Nicolaou teaches the instant compound, , compound oxacylohexacec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4-8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-oxazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S, 7R, 8S, 9S, 13Z, 16S). At pages 1971-1986., see compound oxacylohexacec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4-8-dihydroxy-

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5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-oxazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S, 7R, 8S, 9S, 13Z, 16S).

The difference between the prior art compound and the instantly claimed compound are the alkyl groups at the R2a and R2b positions. In the instant compound, the R2a and R2b groups are ethyl. In the prior art compound, the R2a and R2b groups are methyl. The prior art compound and the instant compound are homologues of each other. Homologues are compounds that differ by a methylene linkage.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to synthesize homologues of this class of compounds. For example, see compoundoxacylohexacec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4-8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-oxazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S, 7R, 8S, 9S, 13Z, 16S). At pages 1971-1986. Accordingly, the compounds are deemed unpatentable therefrom in the absence of a showing of unexpected results for the claimed compounds over those of the generic prior art compounds.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Binta M. Robinson whose telephone number is (703) 306-5437. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:30-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alan Rotman can be reached on (703)308-4698. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)308-7922 for regular communications and (703)308-7922 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0193.

Binta Robinson

February 23, 2004

**CEILA CHANG** 

PRIMARY EXAMINER, Acting SPE GROUP 1290